



# YEAR 12



## 'An ambitious curriculum that meets the needs of all' Medium Term Planning - Topic: Theme 1 (A-C)

<b>Curriculum Intent</b>	<b>Why do we teach this to students?</b>
<b>Skills/Assessment objective links</b>	<p>Students study this as part of their A Level Philosophy, Religion and Ethics course.</p> <p><b>Why do we teach this now?</b> Familiar ground, building on some concepts we have studied at GCSE level, to allow an easier transition into A level. This allows for students to challenge their thinking on the nature and interpretation of key teachings in the life of Jesus.</p> <p><b>Specification aims:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The WJEC Eduqas A level in Religious Studies encourages learners to:</li> <li>• develop their interest in a rigorous study of religion and belief and relate it to the wider world</li> <li>• develop knowledge and understanding appropriate to a specialist study of religion</li> <li>• develop an understanding and appreciation of religious thought and its contribution to individuals, communities and societies</li> <li>• adopt an enquiring, critical and reflective approach to the study of religion</li> <li>• reflect on and develop their own values, opinions and attitudes in the light of their study. A level Religious Studies is designed to enable learners to develop their interest in, and enthusiasm for, a study of religion and its place in the wider world.</li> </ul> <p><b>Assessment Objectives:</b></p> <p><b>AO1:</b> Demonstrate a knowledge and understanding of religion and belief, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• religious, philosophical and/or ethical thought and teaching</li> <li>• influence of beliefs, teachings and practices on individuals, communities and societies</li> <li>• cause and significance of similarities and differences in belief, teaching and practice</li> <li>• approaches to the study of religion and belief.</li> </ul> <p>AO2 Analyse and evaluate aspects of, and approaches to, religion and belief, including their significance, influence and study.</p>
<b>Spiritual, moral, social, and cultural development</b>	<p><b>SMSC: Spiritual:</b> The ability to be reflective about their own beliefs, religious or otherwise, that inform their perspective on life and their interest in and respect for different people's faiths, feelings and values. sense of enjoyment and fascination in learning about themselves, others and the world around them.</p> <p><b>Moral:</b> acceptance and engagement with the fundamental British values: individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs; they develop and demonstrate skills and attitudes that will allow them to participate fully in and contribute positively to life in modern Britain.</p> <p><b>Cultural:</b> understanding and appreciation of the range of different cultures within school and further afield as an essential element of their preparation for life in modern Britain.</p> <p><b>PSHE:</b> Tackling religious discrimination</p> <p><b>British Values:</b> Individual liberty, mutual respect and tolerance of those of different faiths and beliefs.</p> <p><b>Skills Builder:</b> Listening, speaking, problem solving, creativity, staying positive, aiming high, leadership and teamwork</p>
<b>Numeracy</b>	
<b>Literacy</b>	<p><b>Vocabulary:</b> Examine, explain, outline, evaluate, compare</p> <p><b>Reading:</b> Students are expected to read religious texts. They will summarise teachings, ideas, arguments etc. This also allows students the opportunity to clarify - discussion of any words or ideas that the student didn't understand and to evaluate set texts.</p> <p><b>Writing:</b> A level RPE is a literacy-based subject. Students are supported in developing their arguments to explain beliefs and theories, and scholarly approaches. Students also develop their ability to evaluate and criticize the above.</p> <p><b>Oracy:</b> Students need to be able to articulate their own ideas and beliefs as well as discuss this with other students. Then sharing of ideas through discussion allows students to understand different points of view. Questioning of their points of view also allows them to develop their reasoning so that their arguments can stand up to scrutiny.</p>
<b>Becoming future ready</b>	<p>RS students develop:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the ability to build and interrogate arguments and how to question and evaluate narratives</li> <li>- critical thinking skills and the ability to interpret information, formulate questions and solve problems</li> <li>- organisational and time management skills</li> <li>- teamworking and communication skills</li> <li>- writing skills, including accurate referencing and the ability to construct a reasoned argument</li> </ul>

- empathy and the ability to understand people and their motivations
- the ability to appreciate different perspectives and take on board others' views
- the ability to work methodically and accurately
- independence of mind and the ability to think for yourself.

**Adaptation**

**QFT/SEND Provision**

Throughout this topic, quality first teaching will provide differentiation:  
**By Intervention:** by providing different levels of supervision and support, catch up sessions if requested.  
**By Progressive Questioning:** exploring pupils' understanding through interactive dialogue.  
**By Offering Optional Activities:** In class or as homework, to extend learning.

**Implementation Curriculum Delivery**

#	Lesson Title, Lesson Objectives, Scripture: <b>Suggested retrieval</b>	Lesson builds upon:	This will be developed in:
1	<b>1 A (1) Infancy Narratives</b> <b>To be able to compare the birth narratives in Luke and Matthew – including how they present the doctrine of the incarnation</b> <b>To understand key term: redaction criticism</b> (Matthew 1:18 -2:23 Luke 1:26-2:40 ) -examine Matthew's version -examine Luke's version -consider differences and similarities -supernatural events -examine redaction criticism	New topic which builds on previous knowledge acquired at GCSE level.	Lesson 2 as we identify kenosis and substantial presence understanding of the Incarnation.
	<b>(2) Incarnation</b> <b>To be able to explain the doctrine of the Incarnation.</b> <b>To understand the terms: substantial presence and kenosis</b> (Philippians 2:7) -understand key terms kenosis and substantial presence, and how they tie in with the incarnation		
3	<b>(3) A01/ A02 Practice</b> <b>To know what a good A01 and A02 essay (plan) looks like</b>	Knowledge, understanding, evaluation tested here. Consolidation of prior learning.	N/A
	<b>B (1) The Resurrection: Scriptural References</b> <b>To be able to explain the resurrection of Jesus and the key events in the Biblical texts</b> <b>To understand the importance of Jesus' resurrection for Christians</b> <b>To be able to interpret and apply the Biblical texts on Jesus' death to Christian understanding about death, the soul, the resurrected body and the afterlife</b> (Matthew 10:28; John 20-21; 1 Corinthians 15; Philippians 1:21-24) -resurrection in John -John 21: Jesus appears to the disciples, Jesus commissions Peter, John's testimony confirmed -Paul's understanding of the resurrection		
5	<b>(2) Myth or Reality?</b> <b>To be able to list challenges against the claim that the resurrection really happened</b> <b>To know, understand and be able to evaluate views of Bultmann</b> -Bultmann's interpretation of the resurrection: demythologization	Lesson 1 as we ask whether the resurrection was myth or reality.	Lesson 3 as we practice exam technique

**Learning Outcomes (Knowledge)**

	6	<b><u>(3) Myth or Reality?</u></b> <b>To know, understand and be able to evaluate views of Wright</b> -Wright: the resurrection is a fact; 7 mutations; Jewish background to the Christian belief	Lesson 1 as we ask whether the resurrection was myth or reality	Lesson 3 as we practice exam technique
	7	<b><u>(4) A01/A02 Practice</u></b>	Knowledge, understanding, evaluation tested here. Consolidation of prior learning.	N/A
		<b>To be able to identify what needs to go into a good A01 and A02 essay</b> <b>To know what type of question we can expect</b>		
	8	<b><u>C (1) What is the Bible? (intro)</u></b> <b>To understand what the Bible is and how it is used</b> <b>To be able to identify key terms</b> (Ecclesiastes 12:13-14; Luke 6:36-37) -a general overview of what the Bible is and what it consists of; the word of God; its role in the life of a Christian; how is it read?	First lesson of a new topic	This topic is revisited from a different perspective in Yr 13
	9	<b><u>(2) How does the Bible function in the life of a believer?</u></b> <b>To understand how the Bible acts as a guide to the meaning and purpose of life; and a source of comfort and encouragement.</b> (Psalm 119:9-16; Psalm 119:105-112; Genesis 1:26-28; Ecclesiastes 9:5-9; Psalm 46:1-3; Matthew 6:25) -a source of moral advice: how does scripture present God, what message does it teach Christians? -a guide to everyday living: what do the extracts from Psalms teach Christians; how are Christians saved? -explore how scripture can comfort us in times of need	Prior knowledge from lesson 1 developed here as we apply teachings from key passages to daily living	Lesson 3 as we practice exam technique
10	<b><u>(3) Application to A01 and A02 questions</u></b> <b>To be able to evaluate key teachings</b>	Knowledge, understanding, evaluation tested. Consolidation of prior learning.	N/A	
<b>Current learning to be developed in the future within:</b>	See the table above which explains the sequencing of lessons, detailing where the learning will be developed.			
<b>Assessment</b>	Students will be formatively assessed with A01 and A02 questions, and Knowledge Checks. This content will be summatively assessed in the mock exams.			
<b>Impact</b>	Attainment and Progress – Refer to assessment results / data review documentation.			